## **Silica Hazards in Construction Post-Test**

Name:	Date:	Score:

- 1. The OSHA Action Level (AL) for respirable crystalline silica is:
  - a. 25 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, calculated as an 8-hour TWA
  - b. 25 μg/m³, calculated as an 8-hour TWA
  - c. 50 µg/m<sup>3</sup>, calculated as an 8-hour TWA
  - d. 50 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, calculated as an 8-hour TWA
- 2. The OSHA Permissible Exposure Limit (PEL) for respirable crystalline silica is:
  - a. 25 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, calculated as an 8-hour TWA
  - b. 25 μg/m³, calculated as an 8-hour TWA
  - c. 50 μg/m<sup>3</sup>, calculated as an 8-hour TWA
  - d. 50 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, calculated as an 8-hour TWA
- 3. The three types of silicosis are:
  - a. Active, acute, and chronic
  - b. Chronic, active, and accelerated
  - c. Accelerated, chronic, and acute
  - d. Acute, active, and accelerated
- 4. Of the control options listed below, which one best describes in order of preference, the hierarchy of controls?
  - a. Personal Protective Equipment (PPE), Work Practice Controls, Engineering Controls
  - b. Engineering Controls, Personal Protective Equipment (PPE), Work Practice Controls
  - c. Work Practice Controls, Personal Protective Equipment (PPE), Engineering Controls
  - d. Engineering Controls, Work Practice Controls, Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

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- 5. Which statement below is <u>not</u> an advantage (true statement) of an engineering control?
  - a. Dust particles are controlled at the source, thus minimizing exposures to all persons in the surrounding work area.
  - b. Are reliable, predictable, and provide consistent levels of protection to a large number of employees.
  - c. Are less prone to human error than the use of personal protective equipment.
  - d. Is less expensive initially but becomes more expensive over time and ultimately costs more money to the employer.
- 6. What does APF stand for?
  - a. American Protection Fund
  - b. Assigned Protection Factor
  - c. Associated Protection for-all
  - d. American Protection Foundation
- 7. Workers must always wear personal protective equipment (respirators) because engineering controls do not protect them from silica dust exposures alone in all cases.
  - a. True
  - b. False
- 8. What is <u>not</u> an engineering control?
  - a. Wet (water) delivery system
  - b. Vacuum/dust collection system
  - c. Enclosed operator cab
  - d. Rotating workers